



# **Mathematical Contributions for Braking Systems**

Michael Hilden, VM/EMH-DE

Keynote Speaker for Fraunhofer ITWM Alumni, 13.12.2024



We make mobility  
smarter, safer, and  
more sustainable...

# Mathematical Contributions for Braking Systems

## Overview Braking systems @ Bosch Mobility

- Brake systems @ Bosch
- My change: ITWM => Bosch
- Examples for mathematical contributions for braking systems

Who we are  
Mobility

In 2023



61%

share of Bosch Group sales



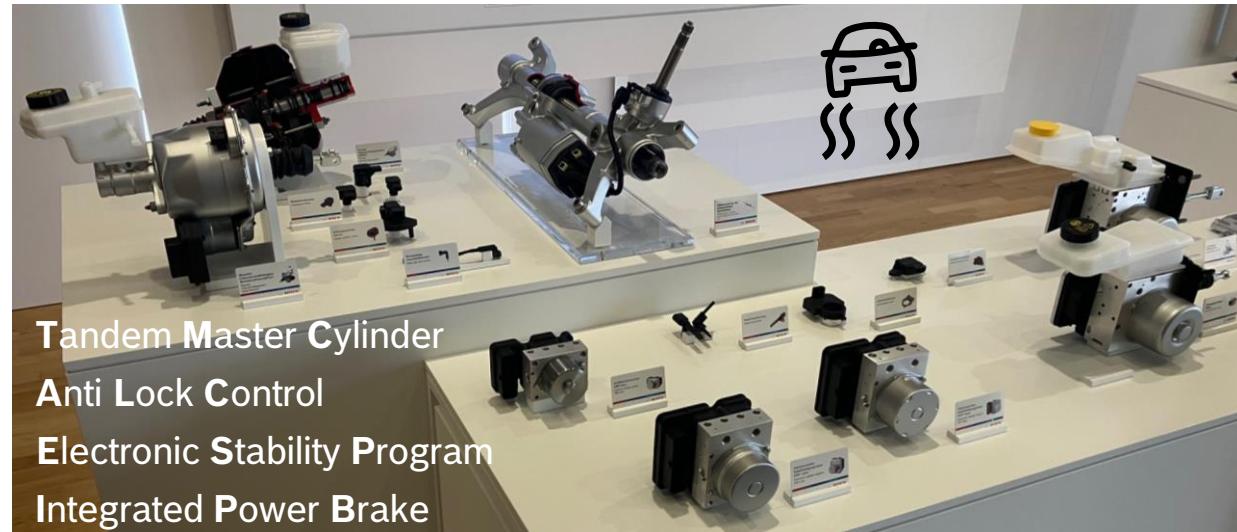
56.2

billion euros sales revenue



237,100

associates (approx.)



Who we are  
Our company values



Fraunhofer-Institut für Techno- und  
Wirtschaftsmathematik ITWM

### Programm Alumni-Treffen Dezember 2024

- Begrüßung – Dr.-Ing Joachim Linn, Abteilungsleiter »Mathematik für die digitale Fabrik« im Bereich »Mathematik für die Fahrzeugentwicklung«
- Keynote Speaker – Dr. Michael Hilden (Alumni aus Abteilung »Strömungs- und Materialsimulation«, inzwischen in leitender Funktion bei der Robert Bosch GmbH) »Mathematical Contributions for Braking Systems (Mathematische Beiträge für Bremssysteme)«
- Pitches (Kurzpräsentationen, die jeweils in neun Minuten ein Thema präsentieren)

# Michael Hilden – Chief Expert brake fluid & valves

## Development backgrounds



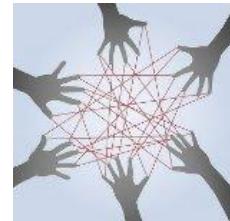
born 1970



grown up on  
an island in  
the Rhine river:  
Niederwerth  
(flood experiences)



BEO



HogC-BF



standardization



1990 to...

Study math  
(ECMI)

BfG

Fraunhofer  
ITWM

Robert Bosch GmbH

Senior expert

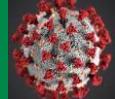
2020 to

2000 to...

Fraunhofer  
ITWM

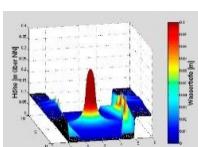
**BOSCH**  
Technik fürs Leben

Lectures for math  
at university Heilbronn



Joy & fun with competent &  
reliable product design &  
fluid “consulting”

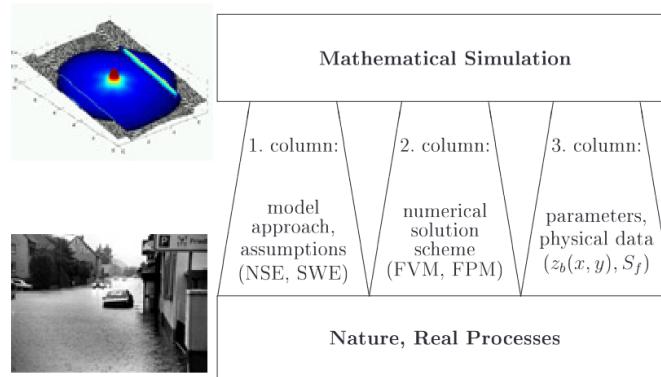
“CfD research”



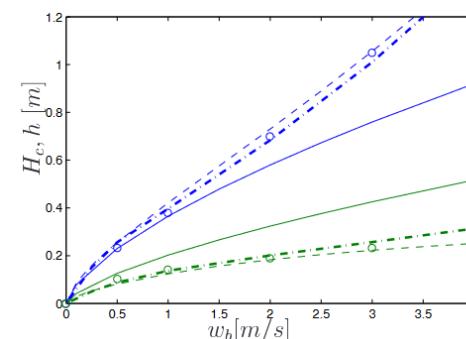
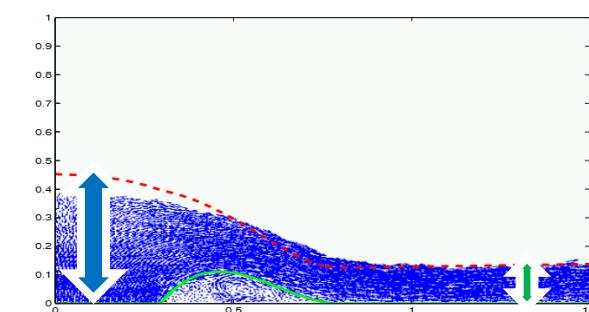
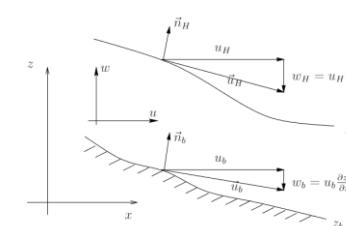
# Michael Hilden – Chief Expert brake fluid & valves

## From ITWM to Bosch in 2002

- RisUrSim: RISk for Urban flood SIMulation
- PhD: Extensions of Shallow Water Equations

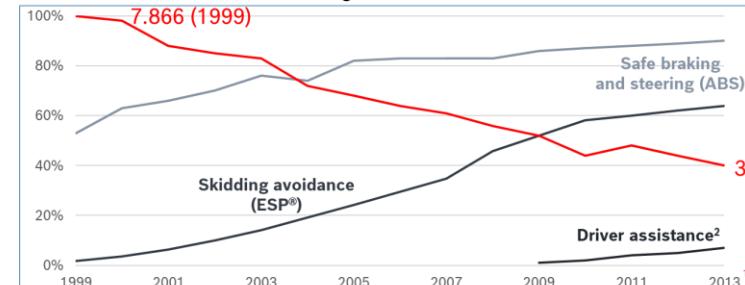


$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \begin{pmatrix} h \\ uh \\ vh \end{pmatrix} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \begin{pmatrix} uh \\ u^2 h + \frac{1}{2} g h^2 \\ uvh \end{pmatrix} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \begin{pmatrix} vh \\ v^2 h + \frac{1}{2} g h^2 \\ uvh \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} q \\ gh(S_{bx} - S_{fx}) + S_{px} \\ gh(S_{by} - S_{fy}) + S_{py} \end{pmatrix}.$$



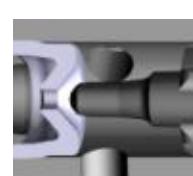
“Latex => Power Point”  
“Matlab => Excel”

- Hydraulic Braking systems:

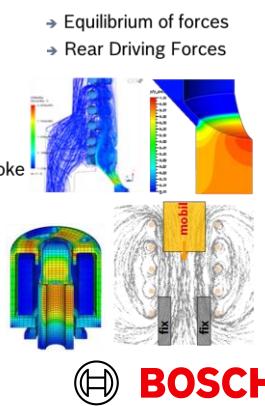
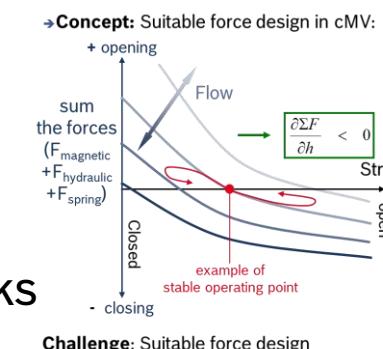


$\Sigma > 50.000$  life savings  
**Bosch – we save lives**  
7.866 (1999)  
3.614 (2013)  
2.380 (2023)

Source: Bosch, DAT, BASI. Based on total vehicle fleet.  
<sup>1</sup> Figures estimated  
<sup>2</sup> ACC and lane keeping support only



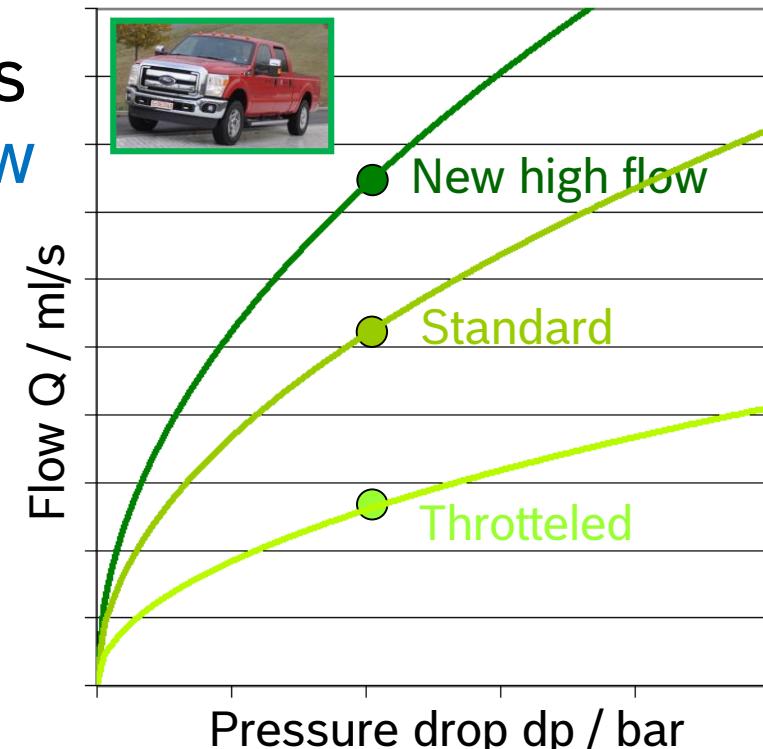
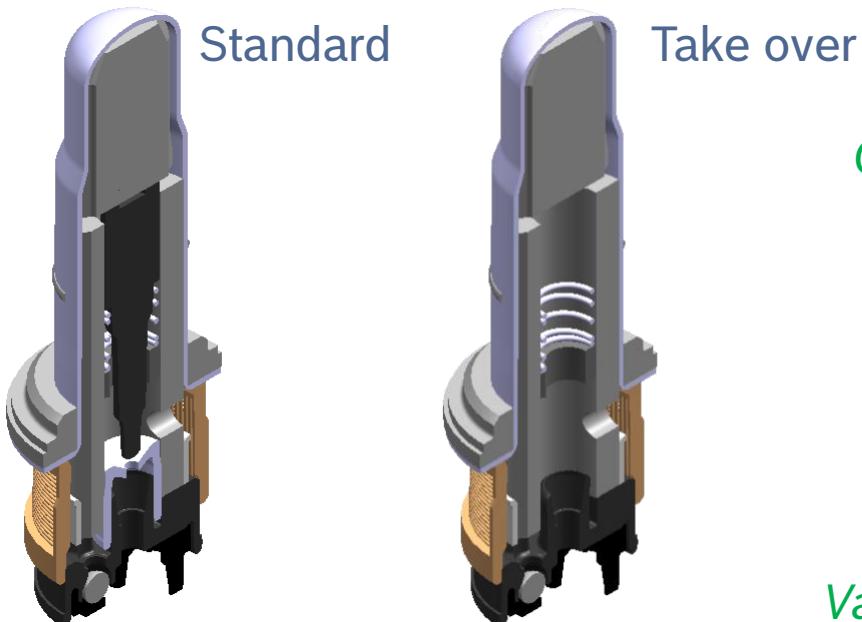
- Valve design
- Test bench tasks
- Reliability tasks



# Example valve design development for trucks

## Increase flow rates via main seat for high flow

- Improvement of tappet & valve body only (“make parts”).
- Flow improvements +40% + function & reliability advantages, i.p. by appropriately designed hydraulic force layout by CFD.



160 geometries CFD simulated
6 variants with turned steel tappets built & tested
2 variants with PEEK tappet built & tested over T & ok
lower deviation variant chosen

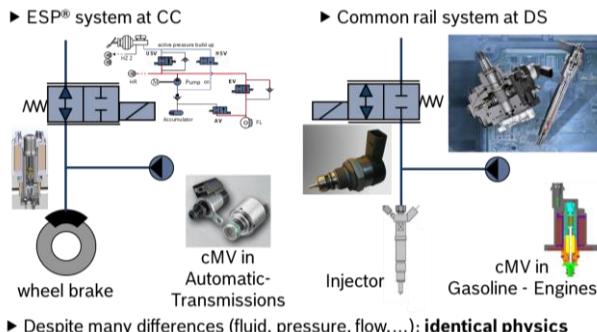
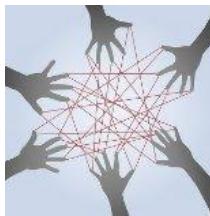
Design improved by mathematics ☺



# Leading my Business - examples by CE brake fluid & valves

## 3 examples of leadership by content

- KNW / BEO controllable valves



- House of global collaboration brake fluid



- SAE & ISO task force lubrication brake fluid



- Benefits from Bosch internal exchanges among experts
- WG founded 2004

- Global actions and harmonization
- Exchange started 2012

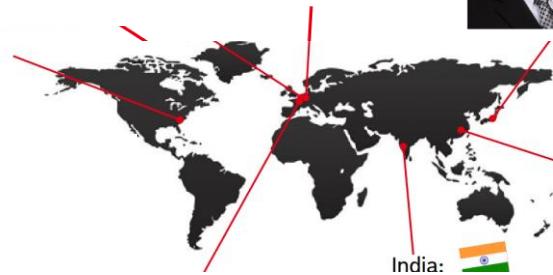
- Transparent & compliance improvements of standardization by lab tests

# House of global collaboration (HogC-BF)

## Application for domain brake fluid (BF)

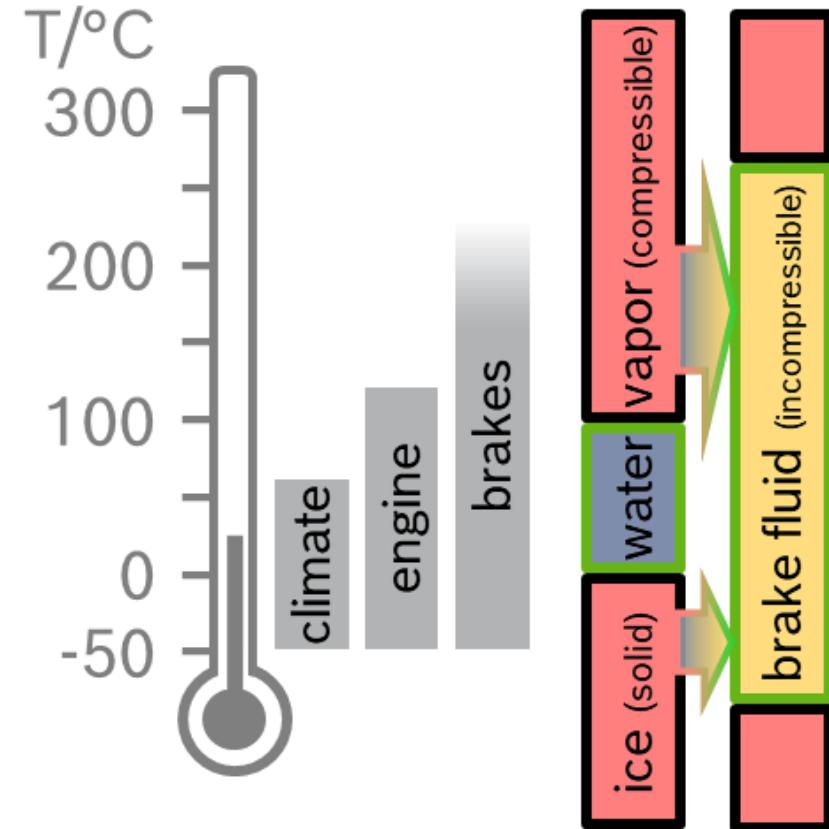


Germany:  
VM/EMH-DE  
Michael Hilden



### Brake fluid

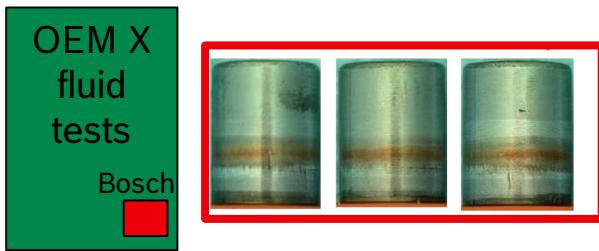
- a key design element  
for braking systems



# Example brake fluid impact on noise and wear

## 2012: Challenge...

- Bosch TCD: all DOT 3/4/5.1 fluids ok. OEM X did ask suppliers to release a new brake fluid (“best in class”).



- OEM X “unsatisfied”: all suppliers claim “products ok for all fluids”, but 2 fluids tested => both failed ☹.
- One fluid “canceled” due to noise problems in market.

## ...and actions...

- Transparent collaboration and active deep technical work within DIN, ISO & SAE with pfp TriNoWe

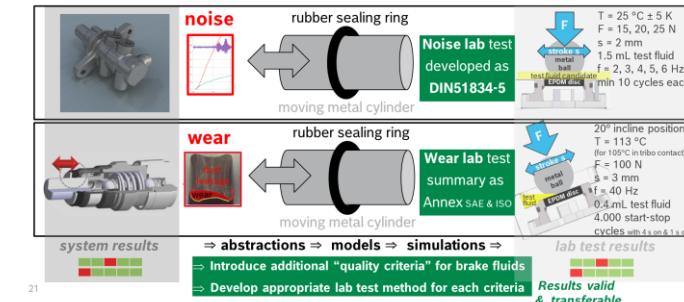


- Bosch did harmonize and enhance TCD: transparent listing of challenges & OEM responsibilities & consulting

## ...for solution (2024)

- Two new lab test for brake fluids for noise and wear developed and rolled out round robin tests R2TW & R2TW.

Impact of brake fluid on noise and wear: product test ⇒ lab test  
Two application oriented lab tests applying identical test specimen



- Tests applied in Bosch assessments & to be introduced into brake fluid standards of SAE & ISO

TCD: Technical Customer Document



OEM: Original Equipment Manufacturer

# Motivation for development of NOise & WEar standard tests

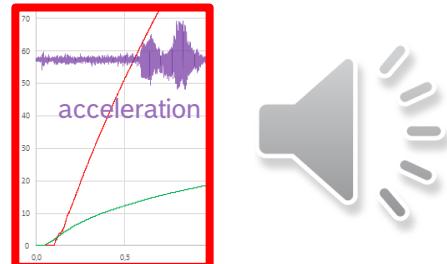
## Future trends emphasize challenges noise and wear for brake fluids

- Brake / clutch



- Few fluids: **noise**

(audible and measurable by acceleration)



- Future trend:

Electrified mobility

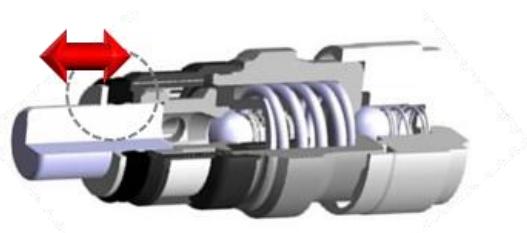


- Reduction of masking noises in vehicle.

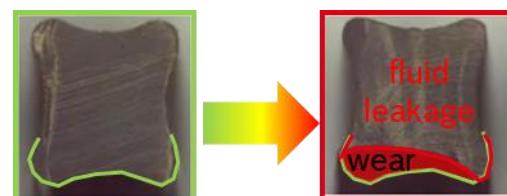
- **Target for fluid:**



- Pump element ESP®



- Few fluids: **wear**



- Future trend:

Automated mobility



- Increasing load for pump sealing ring.

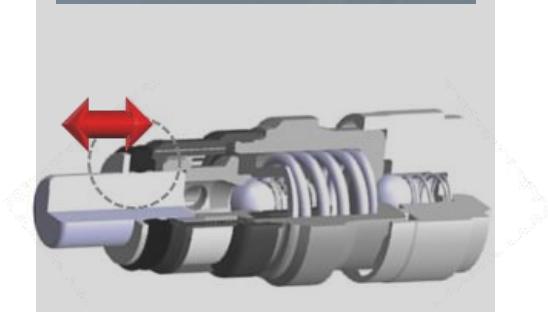
- **Target for fluid:**



- Introduce additional “quality criteria” for brake fluids
- Develop appropriate lab test method for each criteria

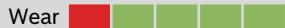
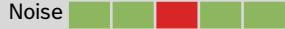
# Impact of brake fluid on noise and wear – the pfp TriNoWe

## Target: development of lab tests reflecting valid system results

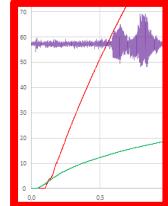


*system results*

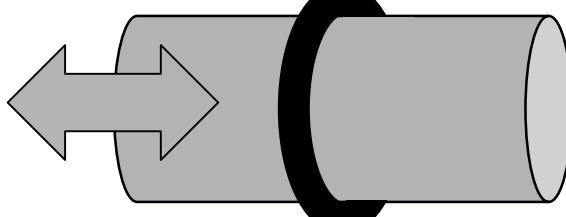
5 test fluids TriNoWe



noise



rubber sealing ring

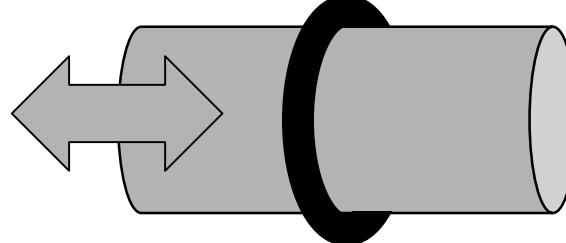


moving metal cylinder

wear



rubber sealing ring



moving metal cylinder

⇒ abstractions ⇒ models ⇒ simulations ⇒

Gefördert durch:

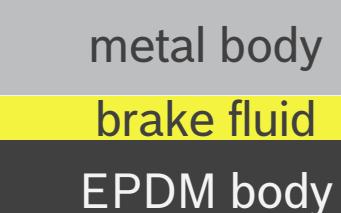
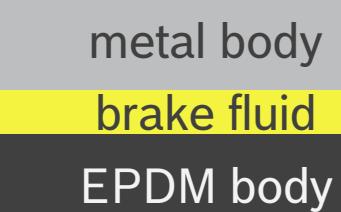


SAE & ISO Task Force with  
pfp TriNoWe (BMW funded in WiPaNo)

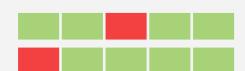


Bundesministerium  
für Wirtschaft  
und Energie

aufgrund eines Beschlusses  
des Deutschen Bundestages



*lab test results*



*Results valid  
& transferable* 

# Work & organization model for SAE & ISO Task Force lubrication



Brake fluid committee  
TEVHBASS1

Scope (18.10.2016):  
Define lab test to evaluate  
lubrication capability to  
measure  
a. noise  
b. wear  
as new **SAE** test method.  
(Extend SAE J1703 + J1704)

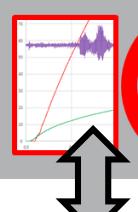
Both brake fluid committees of SAE & ISO  
(SAE: 12.10.2017, ISO: 09.11.2017) and the  
Task Force itself (TF: 05.10.2017) decided:  
Agreement, that the TF acts as **SAE & ISO TF**  
in order to use its deliverables for both.



SAE & ISO TF “delivers” its results to SAE & ISO

SAE & ISO Task Force (TF)  
**brake fluid lubrication**

lab test  
noise



NOISE

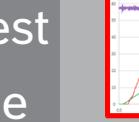
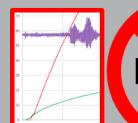


WEAR



lab test  
wear

WiPaNo Project **TriNoWe**



NOISE

NO NOise  
NOr WEar  
= TriNoWe



WEAR



**WIPANO**

> 1 M€  
public  
funding



Bundesministerium  
für Wirtschaft  
und Energie

Brake fluid committee  
TC22 / SC33 / WG14

Scope (09.11.2017):  
Define lab test to evaluate  
lubrication capability to  
measure  
a. noise  
b. wear  
as new **ISO** test method.  
(Extend ISO 4925)



**BOSCH**

Invented for life

**Continental**



**KYB**

*Our Precision, Your Advantage*

**LUK**  
CLUTCHES

 **FREUDENBERG**  
INNOVATING TOGETHER

**bay**<sup>®</sup>

KOMPETENZZENTRUM  
**tribologie**  
MANNHEIM

**DIK**

 **OPTIMOL**  
INSTRUMENTS

 **SAE** OF JAPAN

 **HOCHSCHULE**  
HANNOVER  
UNIVERSITY OF  
APPLIED SCIENCES  
AND ARTS  
Fakultät II



InS

**SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INSTITUTE**  
**MATRILUB**  
Materials, Tribology, Lubrication

**SwRI**

**CLARIANT**

 **SINOPEC**  
中国石化

 **DUPONT**

 **CCI**  
CORPORATION

 **HYUNDAI**

 **BASF**

We create chemistry

 **CAR**

 **BOSCH**

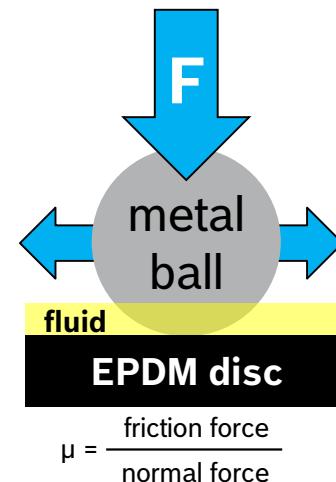
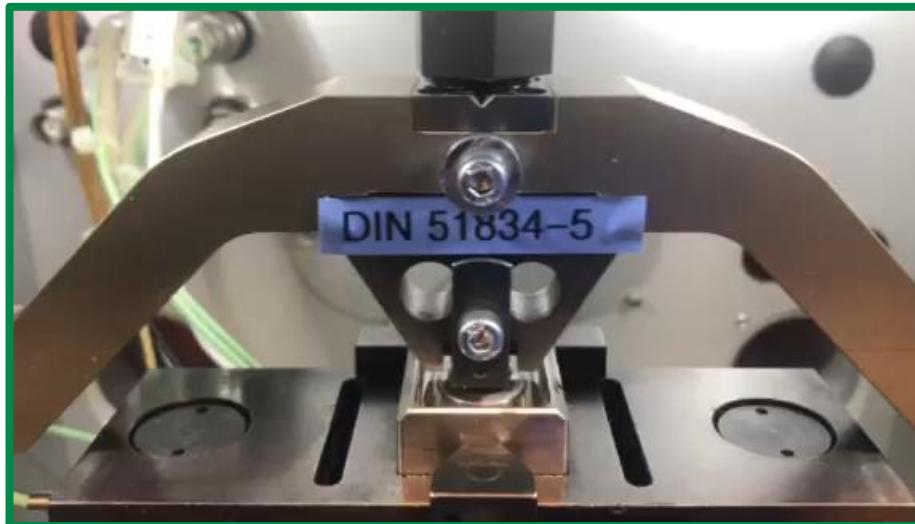
# SAE & ISO Task Force „brake fluid lubrication“



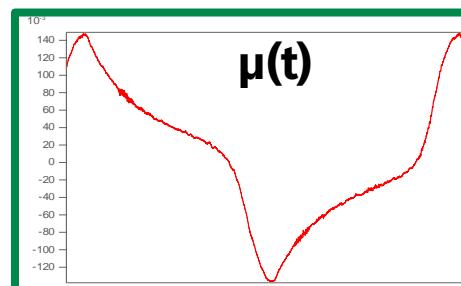
16 meetings  
since 2017

# Tribometer test equipment and results (example SRV 4 @Bosch)

## Valid differentiation between „not noisy“ and „noisy“ fluids



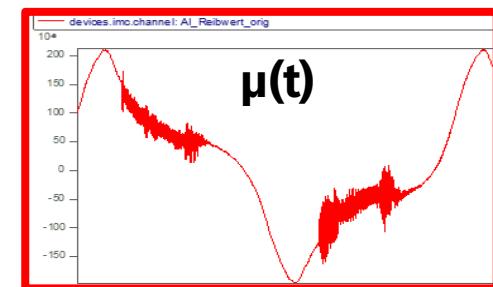
“not noisy”  
brake fluid:  
example RF ISO  
(ISO 4926 or SAE RM66-07)



no stick-slip effect

$\sigma = 0,0008$  (low: ok)

“noisy”  
brake fluid:  
example RF 31  
(canceled due to noise  
complaints)



$\sigma$  measures  $\mu$ -oscillations

$\sigma = 0,0245$  (high: not ok)

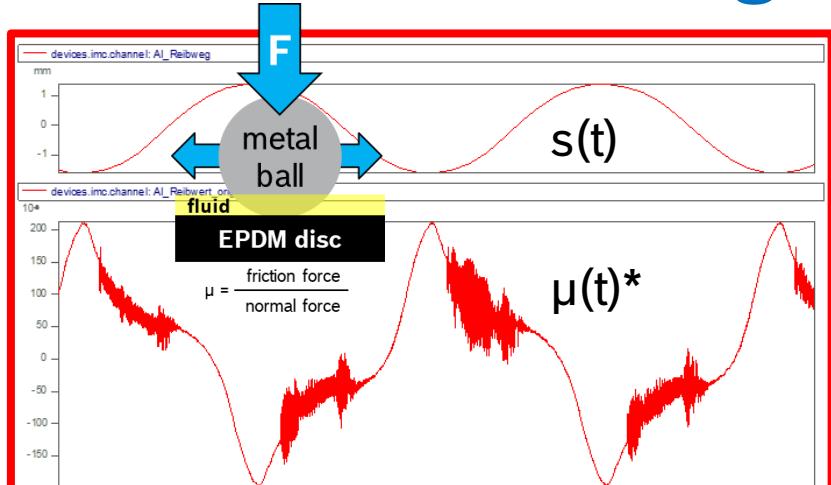
stick-slip effects

 **BOSCH**

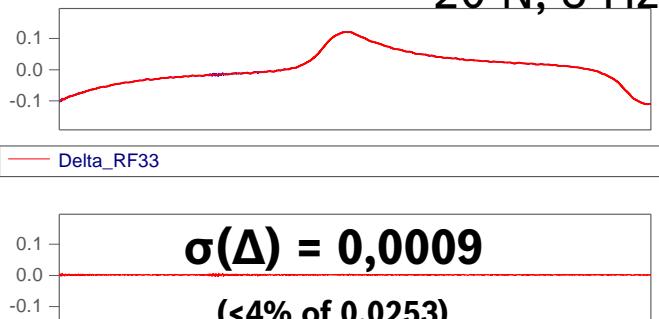
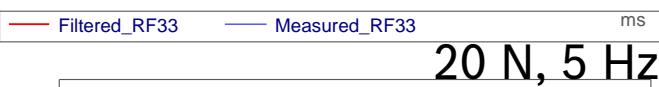
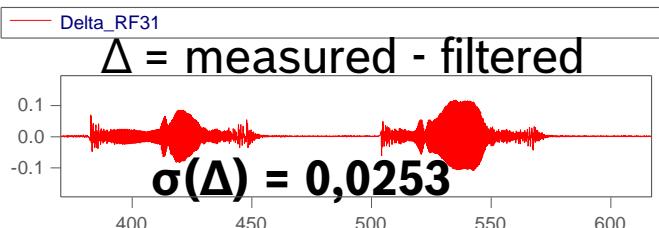
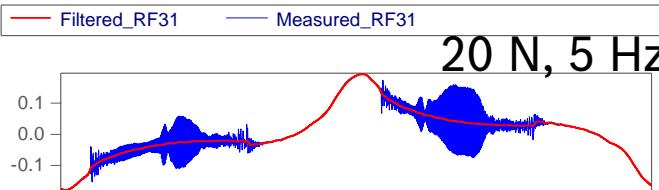
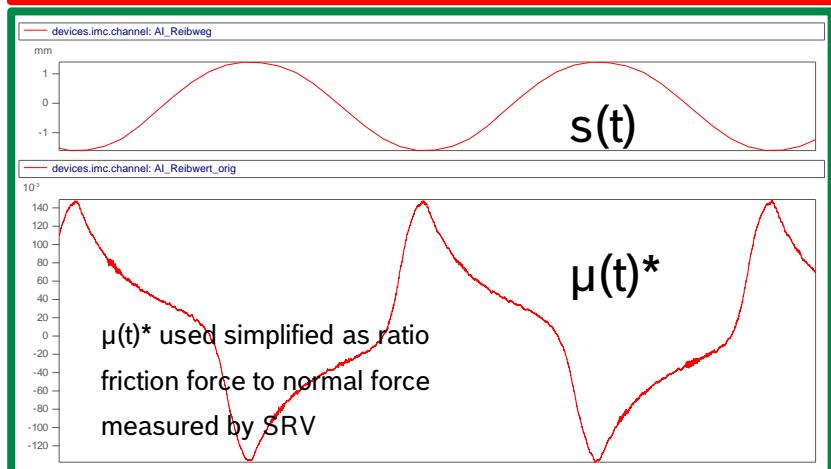
# Two assessment values for brake fluids for noise: $\sigma$ & SFC

## Introduction method: sigma $\sigma(\Delta)$

RF31



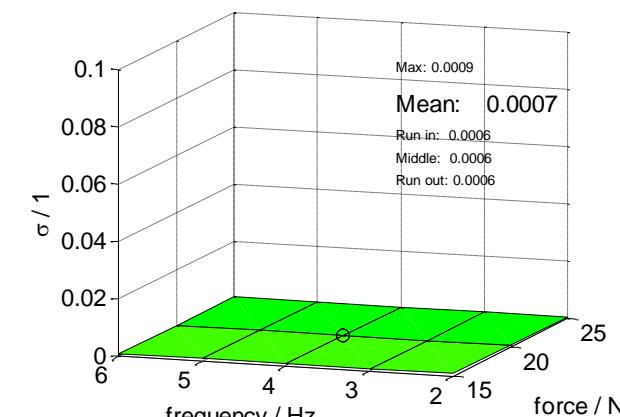
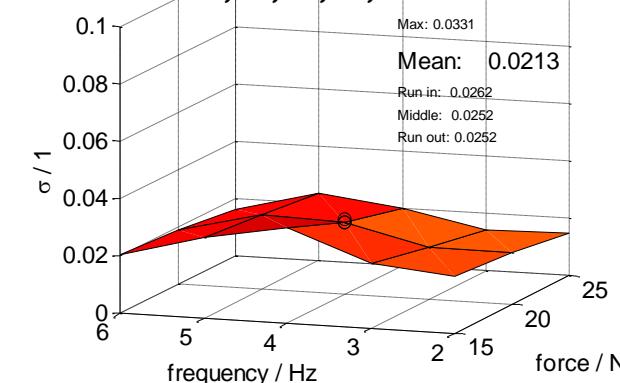
RF ISO



$\sigma = \text{standard deviation } (\Delta)$

- $F = 15, 20, 25 \text{ N}$

- $f = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 \text{ Hz}$



# SAE & ISO noise test evaluations of sigma in statistical study

## High repeatability and consistency of results for three operators

$10 * RF G \Rightarrow$

Operator 1

$\leq 10 * RM\ 66-07$

$10 * RF G \Rightarrow$

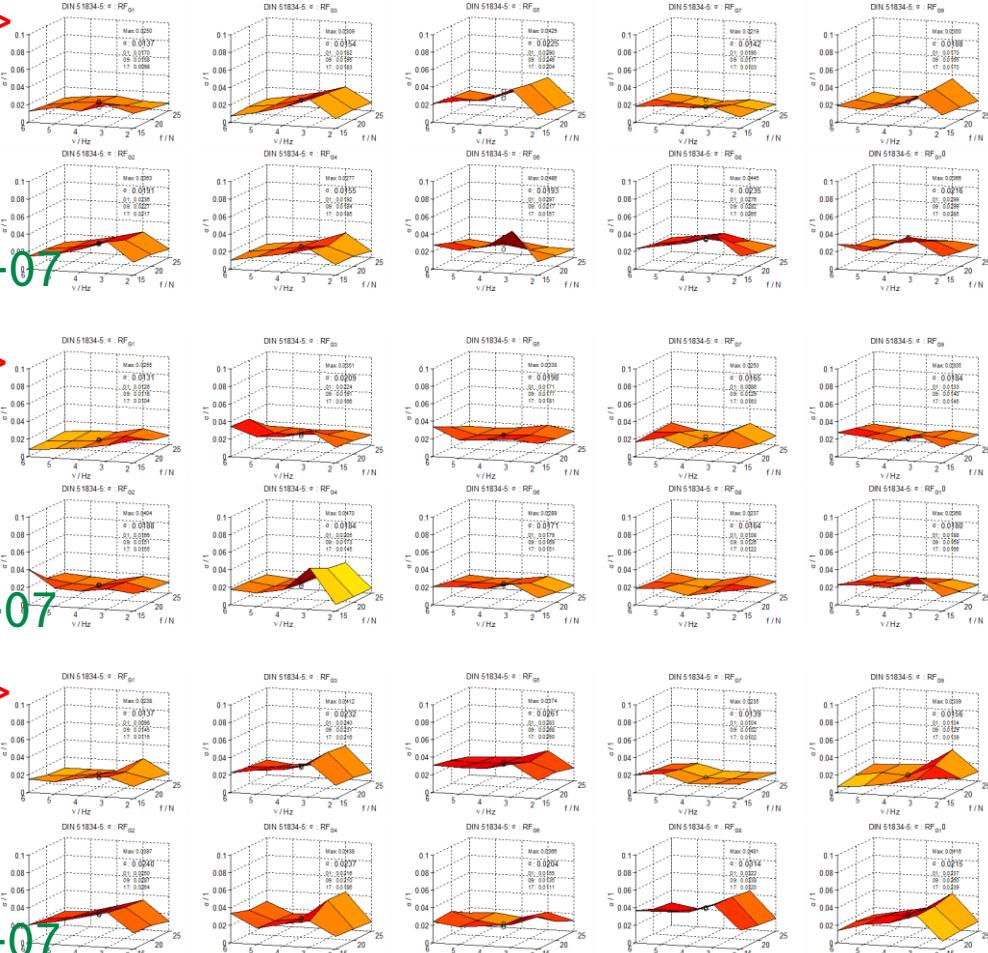
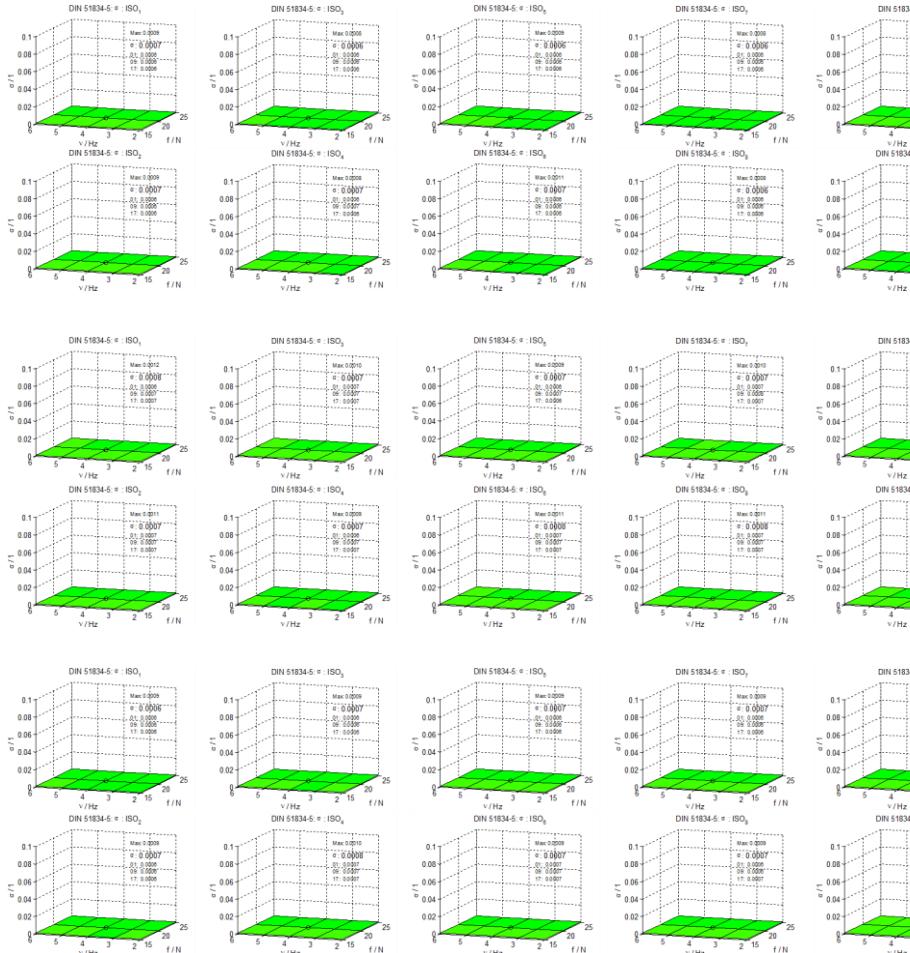
Operator 2

$\leq 10 * RM\ 66-07$

$10 * RF G \Rightarrow$

Operator 3

$\leq 10 * RM\ 66-07$

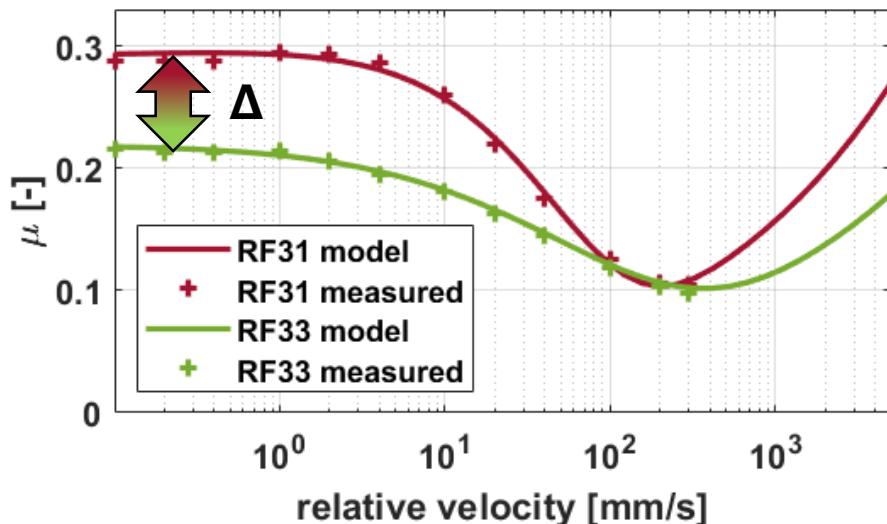


# SAE & ISO noise test: consistency of experiments & simulations

## Consistency of tests and simulation by measured Stribeck curves

### Stationary Stribeck curve for RF31 & RF 33

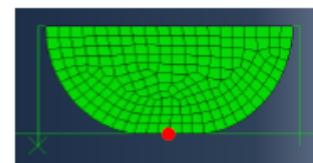
Static Friction Coefficients differ



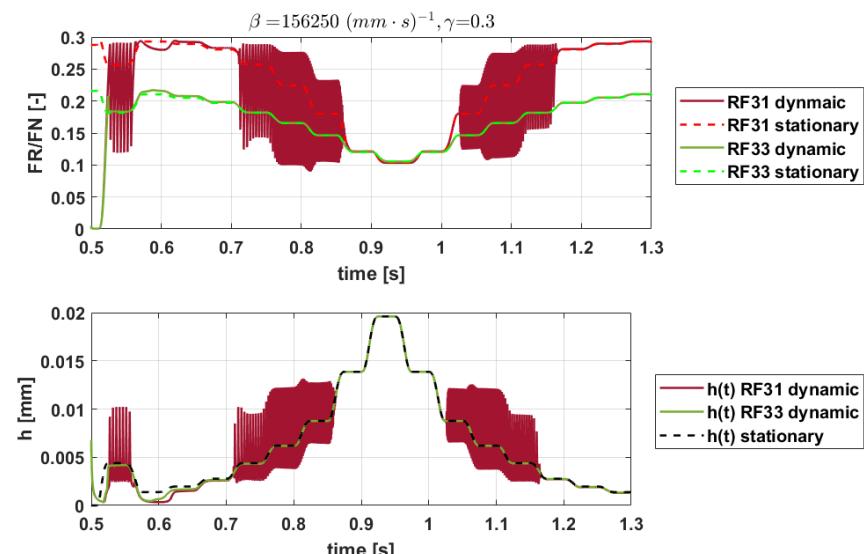
$$\mu(v) = \mu_0 e^{-\left|\frac{v}{v_s}\right|^\delta} + (cv)^\alpha$$

New dynamic friction approach:

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} = \gamma \cdot v_{rel} - \beta \cdot h^2$$



FEM model results for RF 31 / RF 33

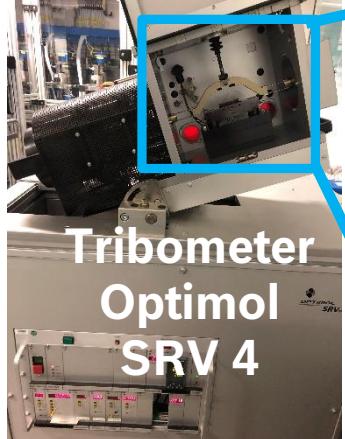


rebuids  
stick-slip  
effects  
for RF 31,  
but not  
for RF 33.

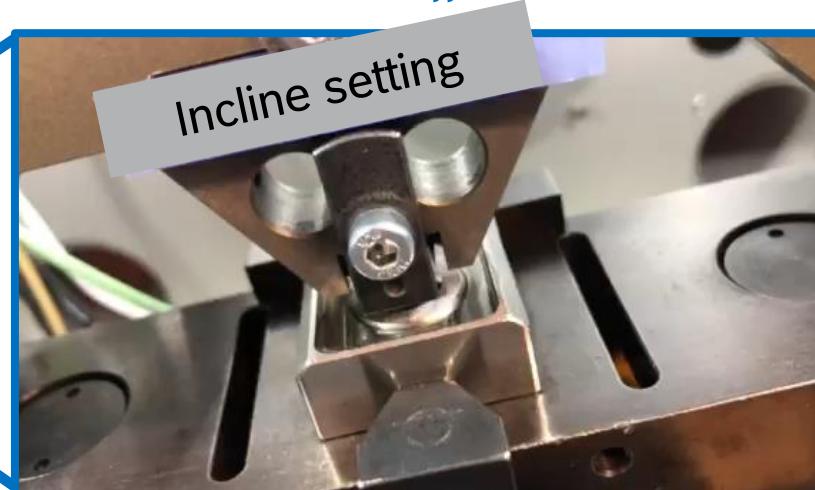
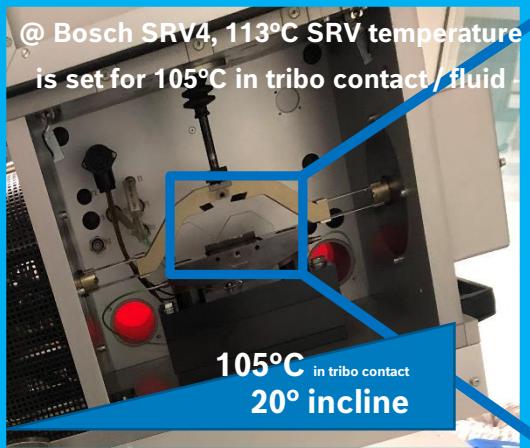
Simulation applied to specify noise test criteria (Source: HsH) **BOSCH**

# Wear test method according of SAE&ISO TF brake fluid lubrication

## Valid differentiation between „no wear“ and „wear“ fluids



Tribometer  
Optimol  
SRV 4



Incline setting

improved test bath with...



...EPDM disc fixation



No wear in  
product test



no friction jump

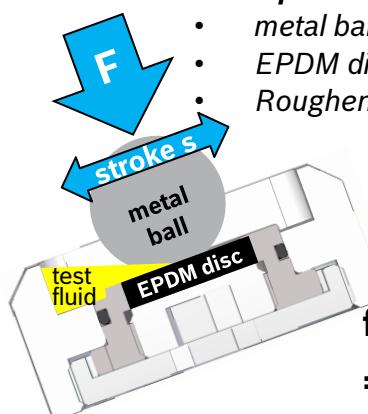


RM 66-07: no wear ( $d_{\text{wear}} = 0,10 \text{ mm}$ )



$d_{\text{wear}}$  „measures“ the wear depth in the EPDM test disc after wear test

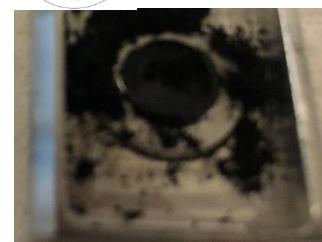
RM 66-07 = ISO 4926 “reference fluid”



Test bath &  
fluid amount  
=> fluid level



Bosch product wear with MTG  
wear in  
product test



friction jump

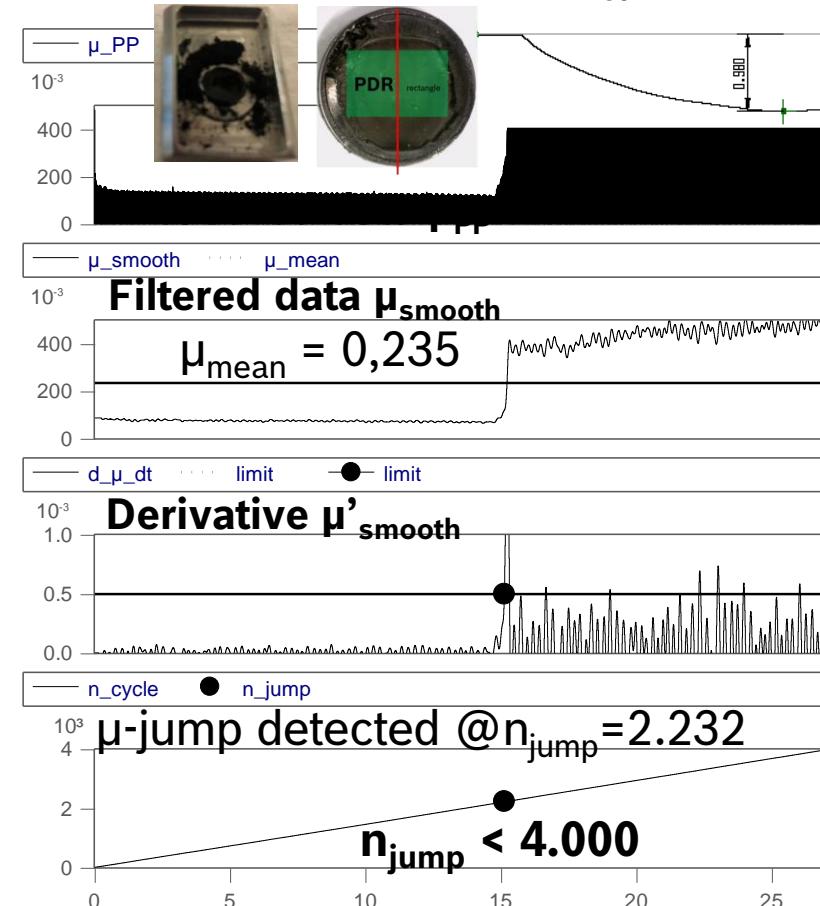
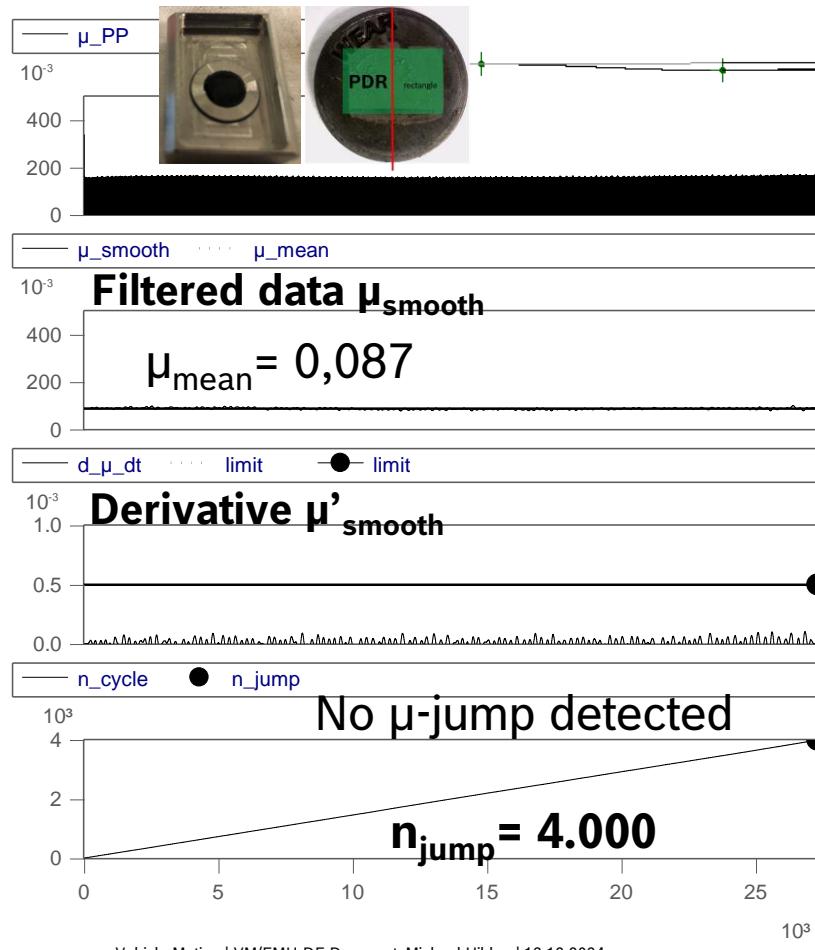


Continental  
product  
wear  
with  
MTG



# Wear test: evaluations for $d_{\text{wear}}$ , $\mu_{\text{mean}}$ & $n_{\text{jump}}$

**RM 66-07** (def. of ref. fluid): no wear ( $d_{\text{wear}} = 0,101 \text{ mm}$ )    **MTG** (raw material): wear ( $d_{\text{wear}} = 0,980 \text{ mm}$ )



**R2TW-2**  
Round Robin  
Test Wear -2  
01-08/24



( $n_{\text{cycles}}$  only 4.000,  
only RF3.W&4.W)

**R2TW-2:**  
2 tests / day  
2 test days 😊

# Wear evaluations of $d_{\text{wear}}$ in statistical study performed by Bosch

## High repeatability and consistency of results for three operators



10 \* MTG =>

Operator 1

<= 10 \* RM 66-07

10 \* MTG =>

Operator 2

<= 10 \* RM 66-07

10 \* MTG =>

Operator 3

<= 10 \* RM 66-07

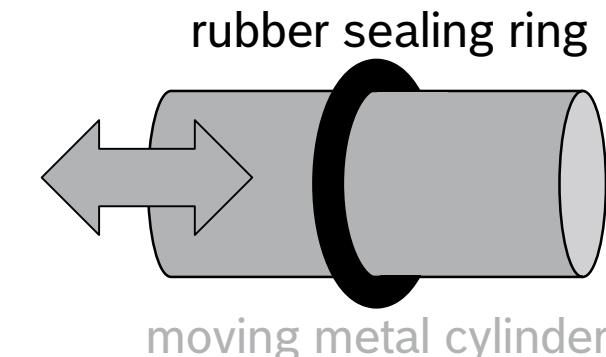
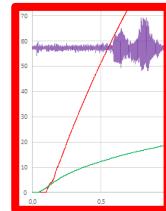


# Impact of brake fluid on noise and wear: product test $\Rightarrow$ lab test

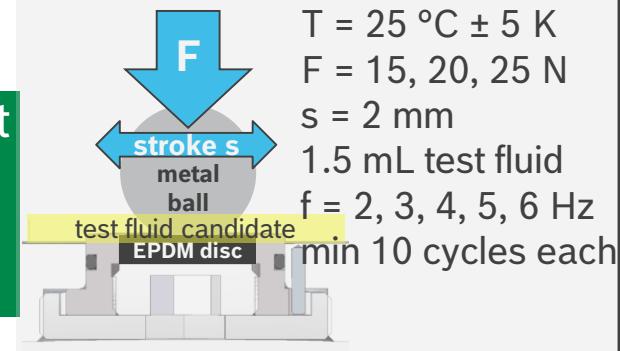
## Two application oriented lab tests applying identical test specimen



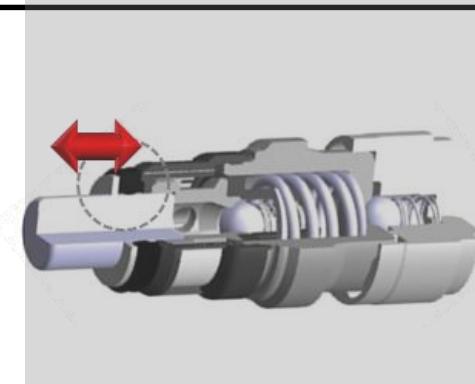
**noise**



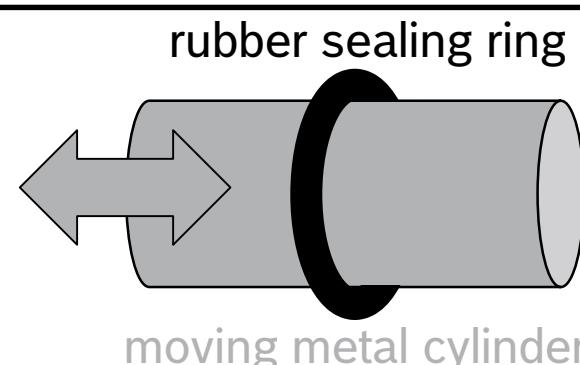
**Noise lab test**  
developed as  
**DIN51834-5**



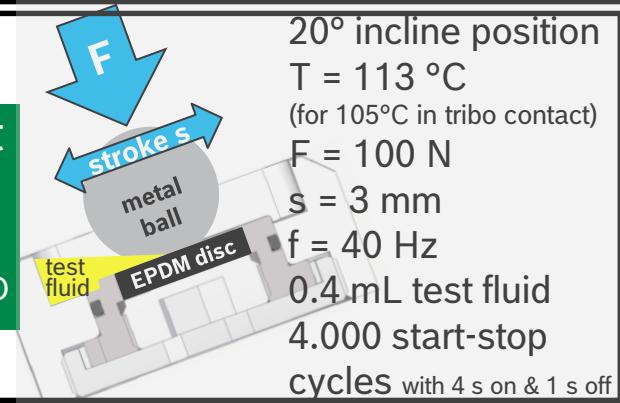
$T = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5 \text{ K}$   
 $F = 15, 20, 25 \text{ N}$   
 $s = 2 \text{ mm}$   
1.5 mL test fluid  
 $f = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 \text{ Hz}$   
min 10 cycles each



**wear**



**Wear lab test**  
summary as  
**Annex SAE & ISO**



20° incline position  
 $T = 113 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
(for 105°C in tribo contact)  
 $F = 100 \text{ N}$   
 $s = 3 \text{ mm}$   
 $f = 40 \text{ Hz}$   
0.4 mL test fluid  
4.000 start-stop cycles with 4 s on & 1 s off

**system results**

Noise	5 test fluids	TriNoWe
Wear		

$\Rightarrow$  abstractions  $\Rightarrow$  models  $\Rightarrow$  simulations  $\Rightarrow$

- $\Rightarrow$  Introduce additional “quality criteria” for brake fluids
- $\Rightarrow$  Develop appropriate lab test method for each criteria

**lab test results**

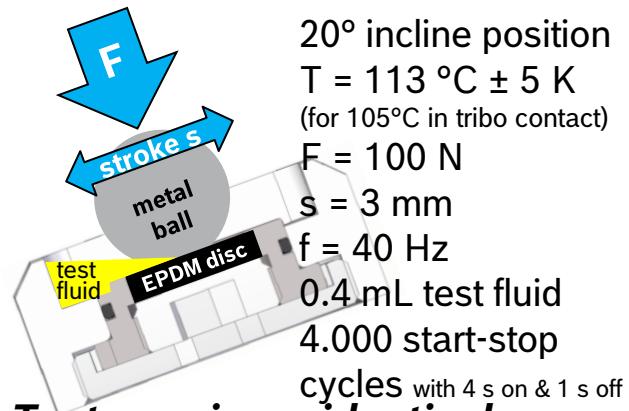
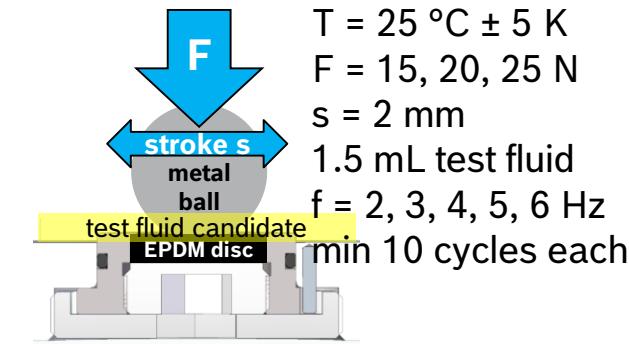
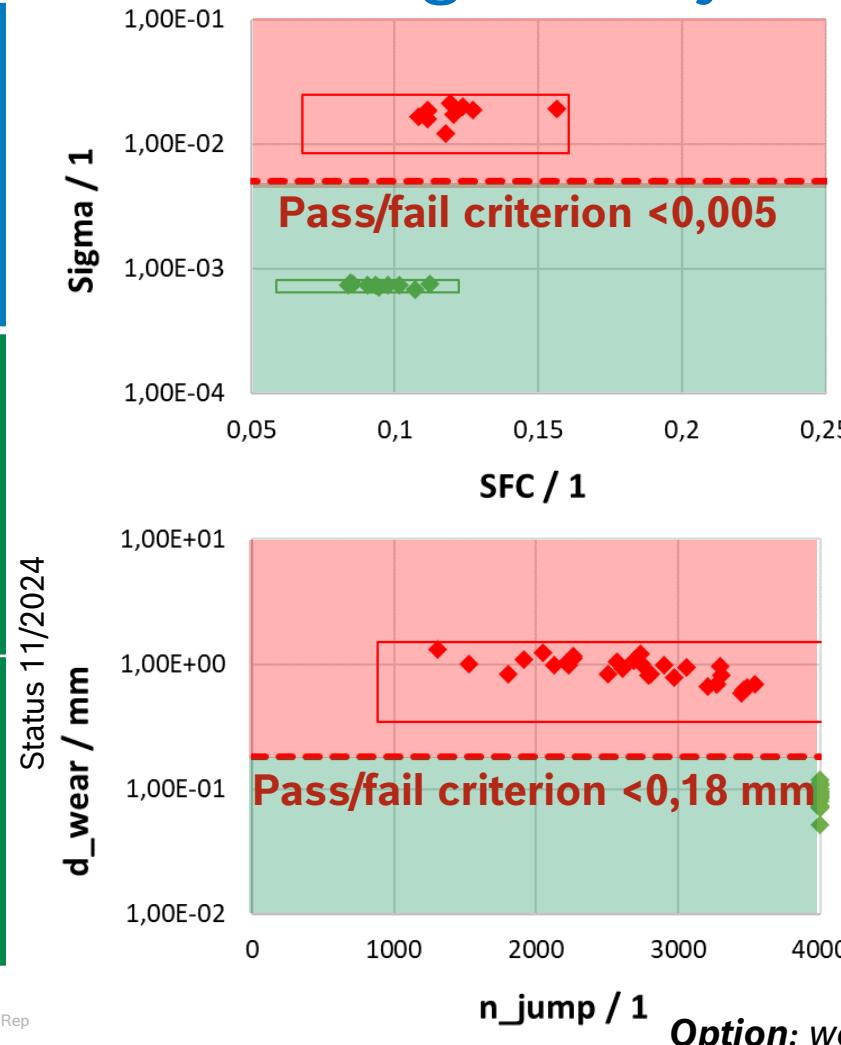
Red	Green	Red	Green
Red	Green	Green	Green

**Results valid & transferable**

# Impact of brake fluid on noise and wear: product test => lab test

## Implementation of lab tests reflecting valid system tests results

	Test mimic ok	Draft published	Round robin test	Precision	Standard ok	Standard published	Pass/Fail SAE	Pass/Fail ISO
Noise test DIN 51834-5	Finished	Since 10/2022	08/2021 - 10/2022	Finished	Finished	02/2024	Pass/Fail SAE	Pass/Fail ISO
Wear test Annex SAE & ISO	Finished	Since 03/2024	02/2024 - 08/2024	Annex finished	Decided by committee	Decided by committee	Decided by committee	Decided by committee
						Status 11/2024		



- Test specimen identical:**
- metal ball, d=10 mm, G5
  - EPDM disc, d=10 mm
  - Roughening EPDM: PDR

**Option:** wear test after noise test



# Michael Hilden – Chief Expert brake fluid & valves

## Tasks & passion in 5 sentences

- Joined Bosch ABS & ESP after PhD in computational fluid dynamics at Fraunhofer ITWM in 2002
- > 20 years hydraulic development experience, i.p. for valves and brake fluid tasks
- Deep hydraulic content & solving challenges => motivation & joy & fun ☺
- Success factors: appreciation, good & fair collaboration, deep understanding & design
- Leadership by content: give sense & purpose AND motivate & inspire



Dr.rer.nat. Michael Hilden, Chairman of DIN & ISO brake fluid committees (TC22/SC33/WG14), Coordinator of SAE & ISO TF brake fluid lubrication, Chief Expert brake fluids & valves @ Robert Bosch GmbH

